

DEATH OF DR. McDONALD.

Dr. A. A. McDonald, physician and surgeon for the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, with headquarters at Ferro, this county, died Thursday evening at Santa Rita under very sad circumstances, says the Silver City Independent.

His death was the result of blood poisoning contracted just exactly one week prior while engaged in his professional capacity in attending a case of confinement. The infected part was a finger on the left hand and the injury was not thought at first to be serious. By the following Tuesday no progress had been made, and Dr. Strong of Santa Rita was summoned and an operation performed. The next day the patient was taken to Santa Rita, where more careful treatment could be afforded. Complications, resulting from other complications, ensued the same day and the patient never rallied, dying New Year's eve at 7:30 o'clock. The remains were brought to Silver City and shipped to Dr. McDonald's former home Victor, Colo., Saturday evening.

Deceased was about sixty-four years of age, having come to Grant county last May. He was a physician and surgeon of much experience and ability and had been in the employ of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company for many years past, having been stationed at Rocky Ford, Colo., for a period of fourteen years. He was highly esteemed and regarded with affection in Grant county, especially in the mining camp at Ferro, where he is best known and loved. He is survived by a wife and three daughters, two of whom live with the mother at Victor, the third being married and residing in California. Mrs. McDonald had been informed of her husband's sickness and had reached Albuquerque on her way to his bedside, when notified of his death.

FOUND

A YOUNG MAN DIES IN HIS BED AT HIS CAMP IN CHAVES COUNTY.

Ray Bonnet, a young man about 21 years of age came in Tuesday from Hagerman's cow ranch on the Long Arroyo 25 miles southeast and reported that he had found the dead body of a man near the old Divers & Cansey windmill, and he identified the body as that of Lerie Wigley who has been working on a well outfit for a man named Stewart on the Hind place near this city, says the Roswell Register. Bonnet who is a cowboy immediately reported his ghastly find at the headquarters of the ranch and came to town to report to the officers. He stopped at the Hind place and reported the facts to Mr. Atine and Mr. Hinde telegraphed the deceased man's brother and sister at Amarillo of the strange death. It seems that Wigley was in search of a load of wood, and was driving a team of mules, and fell play is not suspected. It is thought last heart failure was the cause of death, as the man was found dead in his bed. Wigley was a young man about 23 years of age and was apparently healthy and robust, and was six feet in height, Bonnet says, "I found the body near the wagon, and there was not any evidence of foul play, as I examined the body and there was not any blood in sight and the body did not seem to be bruised. I recognized the body of Lerie Wigley, as I knew him personally. He had made up his bed near the wagon, but when I found the body it was just to one side of the bed and it seemed that he had struggled out of same.

The coroner's inquest was held at 10 o'clock a. m. Thursday. The jury viewed the remains at the mortuary and rendered their verdict at the office of the justice of the peace.

EXCITEMENT AT ROSWELL.

THE ESCAPE OF A FOURTEEN YEAR OLD GIRL STARTS ONE HUNDRED MEN ON A NIGHT SEARCH.

Quite a commotion was caused at Roswell last week owing to the disappearance over night of Erma, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Cottingham. At 4 o'clock the fire bell was rung and over a hundred men started out on a search for the girl, who it was supposed, had been kidnapped. Four hours later the child was found at the Shelby hotel. Together with another girl, Cora Doyce, and two young men, she had been out strolling late in the evening and was afraid to go home. One of the young men therefore secured a room for the two girls at the hotel. After the girls had gone to their rooms, the hotel clerk ordered the young men out of the house. The young men were arrested but were later released. Cottingham intended to shoot them but better counsel prevailed; still he insists that both of them must leave Roswell.

GALLUP HAS BRIGHT FUTURE

MAYNARD GUNBUL RETURNS TO THIS CITY FROM THE CARBON TOWN.

Maynard Gunbul returned from Gallup last night. He believes that Gallup is thriving and that business now and for the past year is better than for many years past; that the business men are prospering and satisfied with conditions as they now exist. He also predicts much better times for the Carbon city in the future. Mr. Gunbul states that he has no

quited the Gallup Electric Light company for his associates and himself, and while he expects to live in Albuquerque that the Gallup property will have his personal direction of its affairs.

"The town board, consisting of Dr. Clayton, mayor, and Messrs. Weidemeyer, Sharp, Meyers and Kitchen as trustees and K. K. Scott as clerk and attorney, used me very courteously and granted a new franchise for thirty years as well as a street lighting contract for ten years and a contract to pump all the city water for the next five years, in which the terms were exceedingly reasonable to all parties concerned. In this matter the town board protected the city and evidenced a thoroughly live and up to date spirit that is not always found in the smaller places.

"We are now engaged in making some extensions and improvements on the property," continued Mr. Gunbul, "and are wiring to the Weaver mine of the American Fuel company, all of whose properties we will light, and in the near future we will have a thoroughly up to date property."

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. 50c.

VINCENT ACADEMY

REPORT DAY AND A FINE PROGRAM WAS RENDERED.

It was report day at the St. Vincent academy yesterday, and the following program was rendered in a very interesting manner:

"W. V. V. March"—Duncan—(Piano) Miss L. Sheehan.

Recitation, "A Southern Tale," Miss M. Lutz.

Recitation, "The Heroine," Miss M. Brennan.

Recitation, "The Everglades," Miss A. Bordenave.

Recitation, "Christmas Ball," Miss A. Korber.

Paper on "Mozart," Miss Maud Hale, one of the music pupils.

Vocal—"The Heavenly Messenger," by Jones, Miss J. Walsh, with piano Miss Shinnick.

Recitation, "Curtain," Miss J. Armijo.

Recitation, "The Roman Consul," Miss M. Brennan.

Recitation, "The Southern Sentinel," Miss Sheehan.

Paper on "T. Gray," Miss S. Boatright.

Chorus, "Ring, Ring the Bells," piano, Miss Korber.

Class leaders for December: First Grade—Helen Gurgle.

Second Grade—Rosalee With.

Third Grade—Lily Shickles.

Fourth Grade—Misses Beronice Hoseldon and Georgia Lutz.

Fifth Grade—Misses Julia Girard and Hazel Maloy.

Sixth Grade—Misses Annie Montoya and Alice Brennan.

Seventh Grade—Misses Hazel Rogers and Beatie Trautman.

Eighth Grade—Misses J. Armijo and Armina Shinnick.

Ninth Grade—Miss Adele Bordenave.

Tenth Grade—Miss E. Brennan.

Twelfth Grade—Miss Lorraine Sheehan.

Best "Christmas Story," Miss M. Lutz.

Best paper on "Gibbons & Lingard," Miss Brennan.

Best paper on "Burke and Macanoy," Miss S. Boatright.

Best paper on "Civil War," Miss A. Bordenave.

Best paper on "Algebra," Miss Korber.

Best paper on "Geometry and Chemistry," Miss L. Sheehan.

Miss Helen Moore has come from Puebla, Mexico, and will enter the fourth grade.

GOLD AND SILVER

COLORADO THE ONLY STATE TO LOSE GROUND—NEW MEXICO COMING UP.

The director of the mint made public his annual statement of the approximate distribution by producing states and territories of the product of gold and silver of the United States.

That for 1902 for the principal states follows:

	Silver	Gold	Value
Alaska	6,921,157	\$	15,540
Arizona	4,784,000	1,193,215	
California	16,535,525	497,641	
Colorado	22,000,000	7,517,812	
New Mexico	272,093	181,230	
Oregon	1,364,241	67,500	
Utah	8,664,539	8,100,000	
Wyoming	17,075	8,100,000	
Total	\$74,425,340	\$30,529,638	

The principal decrease of the year is in Colorado—gold, decrease \$6,425,000; silver, decrease \$791,000. The decreases were due to miners' strike.

Mine Works Cave In.

A disastrous cave in, involving nearly all of the present workings, has occurred at the Commonwealth mine at Pearce, Arizona, causing the same to be closed down. All the present timbering has been crushed, and the workings rendered useless. The shutdown has thrown 200 miners out of employment, and 100 other employees. The setting has been very gradual but general throughout the mine, which will have to be opened up anew in new ground. The management propose to wait until the movement of the ground ceases, at which time they will begin developments at other points. The Commonwealth is operated by a close corporation, and has been a large producer for the past five years. Its yearly output is over \$100,000.

William McNally, a laborer employed at the local road house, was found \$6 for being drunk.

POSTOFFICE TROUBLES

Several Carriers and Other Employees Are on the Sick List.

PAY YOUR BOX RENT

Postmaster Hopkins said to The Citizen this morning:

There has been some strenuous times around this office the past month. Three of my carriers have been on the sick list and the office force is working until 10 o'clock and 11 o'clock at night to keep the immense volume of mail pouring into the office from ceasing.

"Carrier D. E. Phillips, route No. 1, had boils on his neck and was laid up for quite a while, but fortunately was able to return to work a few days ago.

"Carrier D. W. Lane, route No. 2, sprained his foot and it laid him up for repairs.

"Carrier C. E. Morrison, route No. 4, was also on the sick list. "Sidney Houghton, route No. 5, had the grippe and is yet unable to carry his route.

"This office has only two substitutes so you see we have been having a hard time getting the mail to the people.

"Carrier C. M. Turner, route No. 2, is the only route man I have that has not been on the sick list, and the people living on route No. 2, are probably the only patrons of the office who haven't a kick on the tardy or mixed delivery of incoming mail."

"The receipts of the office," continued the postmaster, "have increased the past year \$2,000 over the preceding year. The receipts for 1902 were something near \$25,000, while during 1903 they amounted to about \$22,000. The gain of 1902 over 1901 was not nearly as great as the gain of the year just past, over the preceding year, which is strong evidence of the marked growth of the city during the past year.

"I wish you would say to the people that people having boxes must pay their rent before the 10th of the month, or else call for their mail at the general delivery window.

"I haven't the authority to allow box rents to become over due and the inspector, when here a few days ago, gave me a going over for it, and I am called on to enforce my instructions. Box rent must be paid before the 10th of the coming month.

Jubilee Year of the Immaculate Conception Dogma 1854-1904.

This is the jubilee year of the dogmatic definition of the Immaculate Conception. Pope Pius IX, declared it on the 8th of December, 1854. Pope Pius X wishes that the present year be especially dedicated to the celebration of this august event. Accordingly on the 8th day of each month appropriate services will be held in all Catholic churches, all over the world. In the church of the Immaculate Conception, Father Mandarini will hold special services, viz: high mass in the morning at 8 o'clock and solemn vespers in the evening at 7:30. He exhorts all the members of his congregation to attend these ceremonies and receive holy communion.

WITH ROCKS AS WEAPONS

ADELAIDO WARRICK, A SECTION HAND, BOMBKILLED J. E. LACOME'S SALOON, SANTA FE.

With pieces of paving block as weapons and frenzied as a wild beast from over indulgence in alcoholic stimulants, Adelaido Warrick, a section hand, descended Monday evening on the saloon of J. E. Lacome, on San Francisco street, Santa Fe, and before he was brought to bay at the point of a revolver in the hands of the proprietor, succeeded in breaking all of the glass in the front of the storehouse, and in wrecking a portion of the furniture and wares in the cafe. The damage to the property is serious and amounts to about \$500.

The incident occurred at about 10 o'clock, pursuant to Warrick being ordered to leave the place by the proprietor, as he was in a very drunken fighting and dangerous mood. Warrick resented being ordered to leave, and was finally summarily ejected. Crossing the street he gathered up an armful of broken paving rocks on the vacant lot opposite, on the corner of San Francisco street and Don Gaspar avenue, and proceeded to bombard the front of the cafe.

Life and Property in Danger.

When ordered to desist by the proprietor he became all the more obstinate, and the heavy pieces of paving block flew the faster. Realizing that both his life and property were in danger, as well as the lives of the employees and patrons who were in the cafe, and there being no peace officers in sight, Mr. Lacome at the point of a revolver repeatedly ordered Warrick to stop throwing the dangerous missiles.

The sight of the revolver had no effect on the frenzied man, who continued to hurl rocks at the front of the cafe and through the windows. Finally Mr. Lacome discharged his revolver in the air, the bullet passing through the transom over the front door.

Two Bullets Took Effect.

The shot in the air did not scare Warrick in the least, and thereupon Mr. Lacome fired towards the floor. Warrick still continuing to bombard the cafe with rocks, Mr. Lacome took aim at the lower limbs of his assailant, fired, and a bullet penetrated the muscular wall of the abdomen. A second shot aimed at Warrick struck him on the head. Neither of the wounds are serious and Dr. J. M. Diaz, who attended Warrick, says he will be around again inside of ten days.

Proprietor Lacome was being congratulated later that night by friends on his miraculous escape from death. He retorted having to fire upon Warrick, but stated he had to do so to protect his life and property. He is

determined, however, to prosecute him to the full extent of the law. The testimony of several eye witnesses corroborates Mr. Lacome's position in every particular, and that the shooting was necessary and justifiable.

Held Under \$2,000 Bonds.

A warrant was sworn out before Justice of the Peace Jose Maria Garwith shooting Warrick. He was subsequently released under \$2,000 bonds pending an investigation of the status of the case by District Attorney R. U. Abbott.

THAT DALLA ROAD

LETTER ON SUBJECT RECEIVED BY JERRY SIMPSON.

The following letter received today by Hon. Jerry Simpson, explains itself, says the Roswell Record:

"Amarillo, Tex., Dec. 31, 1903. "Hon. Jerry Simpson, Roswell New Mexico.

"My Dear Sir and Friend:—I suppose that you have been apprised of the fact that we now have the charter for the Texas, New Mexico & Western railway, and that actual work has begun at Dallas, Texas, pointing out towards your country. I have been awarded the contract to secure the right-of-way and bonus for the line from Dallas to the terminus of the road.

"It is now up to your citizens, whether they will have the road or not.

"There is no question whatever about the road being built, as it has been financed and they are at work and have let several important contracts along the line.

"What will Roswell and vicinity do for the road? We have several propositions from New Mexico points, but the intention is to come to your place, all things being equal.

"I will be pleased if you will get your people together and give us an idea what to depend upon in the way of bonus and right-of-way, depot grounds and terminal facilities. We are ready for any proposition that you may have to offer for the consideration of the new enterprise, and if you can come up to our requirements we are ready to negotiate with you for a speedy construction of the road.

"With best wishes for the New Year."

WILL A. MILLER, JR.

CHRISTMAS SHOOTING AT TOWN OF CAPITAN

A CELEBRATION ENDS IN THE ACCIDENTAL KILLING OF JOSEPH BANNON.

The Capitán News, a weekly paper published at Capitán, Lincoln county, issued January 1, and just received at The Citizen office, gives the following account of the accidental killing of Joseph Bannon there on Christmas morning:

At an early hour Christmas morning, as the people were returning from the ball, a number of shots were heard in quick succession in the vicinity of the saloon. Investigation revealed the lifeless body of Joe Bannon in his own room, with a bullet wound in his head, and his wife kneeling beside the body, while their children tranquilly slept, dreaming, perhaps, of what Santa Claus would bring them.

A coroner's jury was impaneled to investigate the tragedy. The investigation resulted in a verdict that the deceased came to his death from the effects of a bullet wound in the head, and that the shot was fired by Frank L. Loving, and was accidental.

From the evidence given at the inquest, and facts that were learned, it appeared that Loving and Bannon, with their families, occupied the same house jointly. Loving and Bannon and wife attended the ball and went home together. Loving, who had been drinking freely during the evening, got his rifle, a modern long range gun, went outside and began shooting. Quite a number of shots were discharged, presumably by way of celebrating. One of the steel jacket bullets passed through the wooden walls of the building, where Bannon and his wife were conversing, entered the left side of his head, coming out of the right side between the eye and ear in a direct line from the point of entry, killing him instantly.

Loving was arrested and had a preliminary hearing the same day and was placed under \$200 bonds to appear before the grand jury.

The deceased had a ranch near the Tucson mountains, but moved to town some months ago in order that his children could attend school. He ran a small meat market on Fourth street and was about 35 years of age. He came to this county from Texas.

Loving is also from Texas, but has lived here several years. His wife died about four months ago, leaving him several young children.

The tragedy caused a general shock to the community, and clouded the anticipated pleasures of the day.

This has been the second time in the history of Capitán, that a tragedy occurred on Christmas day. Thomas Doudrick killed a man named Blackburn at North Capitán on Christmas day, 1900.

EX-CHIEF JUSTICE HARE

AT THE AGE OF SEVENTY-SIX YEARS, HE FIGURES IN AN ELOPEMENT.

Judge Elias Hare, who was chief justice of this territory many years ago, has just created some excitement in Washington circles by figuring in an elopement. A dispatch of recent date from that city says:

Ex-Congressman Elias Hare, 76 years old, eloped with Mrs. Mary L. Kennedy 63 years old. At 10 o'clock in the morning Mr. Hare came down from his room in the Montrose hotel and made the clerk good bye, saying that he was going to Texas for a month. Then he met the bride and went to Baltimore, where they were

IT'S SO EASY

To keep the stomach healthy, the appetite good, the breath sweet and the bowels open, just take a dose of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters before meals and see for yourself. It is also a sure cure for Poor Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Liver Complaints, Chills, Colic and Malaria. Fry a seltie today, also get a copy of our 1904 Almanac from your druggist. It is free.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

married. They have not returned, and none of the ex-congressman's friends have any idea where they are.

Mr. Hare has been a figure in Texas politics many years. He was born in Ross county, Ohio, and was educated in Indiana. He is closely related to General Hancock, who rescued Lieutenant Gurnore in the Philippine war. Judge Hare served in the Mexican war as a private. He served as chief justice of New Mexico, but gave up that office to enter the confederate army. After the war he settled in Sherman, Texas, and was district judge there three years. He was elected to congress in 1886, succeeding the late Governor Throckmorton. After serving two terms and while a candidate for a third, one of his friends in congress asked him: "Hare, have you any opposition?"

"Not much," said the judge, confidently, "there is a young fellow named Joe Bailey who has announced himself, but he is fresh from Mississippi, and Texas ain't importing congressmen."

The result was a painful surprise to Mr. Hare. "Joe" Bailey carried every county in the district except Grayson, Mr. Hare's home county. Senator Bailey is now a warm friend of Mr. Hare, as are all the Texas congressmen. After his defeat Mr. Hare retired from politics and settled in Washington, where he practices law.

BOGUS DOLLAR BILLS

COUNTERFEIT MONEY IS PUT IN CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT THE SOUTHWEST.

In this vicinity the United States secret service men are at work trying to locate the source of a large number of counterfeit \$1 bills that have been put in circulation in different sections of the southwest. Two or three of the bills have found their way to El Paso, says the Times.

It is thought that they came originally from Chicago. The bill is a poor imitation of a silver certificate the serial number being "B 62,991,424." The bills are all numbered with the same number. In this bill the figure 1 has a different number, and the bills with the serial letter "B" and with an even number. The little work on the certificate is very poor. The fine lines are blurred and do not stand out as they do in the genuine bill. The pictures of Grant and Lincoln are poor and the work on the eagle is also poor.

On the reverse of the bill there is no attempt to reproduce the fine lines of the lath work, and the back is perfectly plain. Instead of the silk threads, which run through the genuine bills the imitation is made with pen and ink. The bill has evidently been made with a photographic reproduction.

It is seldom that counterfeiters from the east are encountered in this part of the country, the majority of the bogus money found being imitations of silver coins that are brought here from Mexico. Recently the Mexican government has passed very stringent laws for the purpose of stamping out counterfeiting in the country and it is predicted that the present regulations will tend to put a stop in a great measure to the present practice of operating along the international border.

TO CURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

L. G. Ochsenschel, examiner from the department of justice, Washington, is in the city. He arrived last night and will remain some time. Mr. Ochsenschel came to New Mexico for the purpose of examining all federal offices therein, and will begin Monday morning with the United States marshal's office. When asked this morning by Marshal Forsaker if he wished to begin work right away he said no, this is Friday.

WORLD'S FAIR POINTERS

Model schools for the blind and deaf.

Old St. Louis—as it was 100 years ago.

Ice plant produces 30 tons of ice daily.

Special building on Art Hill for sculptors.

Typical 49 mining camp in "Mining Gulch."

Jubilee presents of the late Queen Victoria.

Outdoor mining exhibit, covering twelve acres.

Rose garden, six acres in area, 50,000 rose trees.

"King Cotton," a statue in cotton 50 feet high.

Sunken gardens 750 feet long and 100 feet wide.

History of the Louisiana Purchase told in flowers.

Approximate cost of the Exposition, \$50,000,000.

Palace of Education, 525 by 750 feet, cost \$219,999.

Palace of Electricity, 525 by 750 feet, cost \$31,840.

Towers on Palace of Machinery are 255 feet tall.

Forty thousand-horse power for Exposition use.

Largest silver nugget ever mined; weighs five tons.

Fair opens April 30, 1904; closes December 1, 1904.

An 8,000-horse power turbine engine in power plant.

Size of grounds, 1,340 acres, nearly two square miles.

Largest gas engine ever made, 3,000-horse power.

The same of \$150,000 appropriated for athletic events.

United States Fisheries Building, 132 feet square.

Revival of the Olympian games of ancient Greece.

Fifteen exhibits departments; 144 groups; 808 classes.

More than 100 important buildings on the grounds.

Over 50 for ign governments to make elaborate displays.

Philippine exhibit, costing \$1,000,000, covers 40 acres.

Anthropology Building, 263 by 113 feet, cost \$115,000.

Palace of Horticulture, 400 by 800 feet, cost \$235,000.

Palace of Machinery, 525 by 1,000 feet cost \$119,399.